Parathyroid Hormone (PTH) Monoclonal Antibodies: Validation and Performance

PTH Antibody Overview

Validation data for PTH antibodies includes tests for specificity, sensitivity, precision, accuracy, and reproducibility. These ensure the antibodies accurately detect PTH levels without cross-reactivity, measure low concentrations effectively, maintain consistent results, and perform reliably across different batches. Such data validates their suitability for precise diagnosis and monitoring of parathyroid hormone-related disorders in clinical settings.

Epitope Binning Insight: Unraveling Binding Specificity

Epitope binning is vital for selecting the right antibody pairs in immunoassays. The data below highlights how selecting antibody pairs from distinct epitope bins enhances assay accuracy, sensitivity, and reliability. Antibodies from different bins are less likely to compete or interfere with each other's binding, resulting in minimized background noise and improved precision. This optimized combination of antibodies ensures harmonious interactions, ultimately elevating the overall quality of the immunoassay results.



Figure A: Analysis of epitope characterization for antibodies targeting the PTH. The antibodies are categorized into groups based on whether they bind or do not bind. Additionally, the catalog number of each antibody is presented.

Rigorous Quality Control ISO 17025:2017

We make sure our IVD grade antibodies meet the highest standards, and our ISO-controlled production process plays a key role. At every step, from making the antibodies to purifying them, we rigorously test to ensure they are consistent, reliable, and perform well. Following ISO standards means we have set procedures in place that help us maintain consistent quality, making sure every batch is just as good as the last. Our commitment to this process shows how dedicated we are to providing you with antibodies you can trust for your immunoassay need.

The Importance of PTH in Immunoassays

Parathyroid Hormone (PTH) is indispensable in immunoassays for several compelling reasons:

1. Diagnostic Precision

- **Critical Marker**: PTH serves as a crucial biomarker for diagnosing disorders such as hyperparathyroidism and hypoparathyroidism based on its levels in blood samples.
- **Clinical Insight**: Its measurement provides essential insights into parathyroid gland function and calcium metabolism, guiding effective patient management.

2. Regulatory Function

• **Calcium Homeostasis**: PTH plays a pivotal role in maintaining calcium and phosphorus balance, crucial for optimal bone health and kidney function.

3. Clinical Application

- **Monitoring and Adjustment**: Reliable PTH immunoassays enable precise monitoring of treatment efficacy and disease progression in clinical settings.
- **Versatile Assay Formats**: Utilized in various immunoassay techniques such as ELISA, ensuring accurate and consistent measurement of PTH levels across different diagnostic platforms.

4. Medical Impact

• **Informed Decision-Making**: PTH measurements support informed clinical decisions, aiding in the management of parathyroid and calcium-related disorders.

5. Conclusion

 PTH's pivotal role in immunoassays underscores its significance in clinical diagnostics and patient care. Its specificity, clinical relevance, and versatility in assay applications make PTH an essential tool for advancing medical diagnostics and treatment strategies.

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